#### **Suricata Intrusion Detection System**

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**APNIC** Tutorial



## **Trainer Introduction**

- Let's Connect!
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# **Tutorial Agenda**

- Topics
  - Setting up and installation (on Ubuntu VM)
    - Configuration
    - Rule-set management
  - Suricata in action some use cases
  - Signature/Rule Writing
  - Integration with other security tools (Elasticsearch)
  - Hands-on:
    - Lab Sheet
    - Need to ssh to our backend
    - Wireshark is recommended for Lab 5,6,7
  - Materials: <u>https://tinyurl.com/kxvbht85</u>
  - Reference: https://wiki.apnictraining.net/ids-20210428-online



# **Objectives**

- High level overview of Suricata
  - Functionality
  - Features
  - Setup
- Threats / Detection
  - Contextual
  - Rules / Signatures
- Deploy, try or play!



## **Suricata Intrusion Detection System**

- Suricata is a high performance Network IDS, IPS and Network Security Monitoring engine.
  - Engine!
- It is open source and owned by a community-run non-profit foundation, the Open Information Security Foundation (OISF).
- Suricata is developed by the OISF
- The Suricata source code is licensed under version 2 of the <u>GNU General Public License</u>



# **Suricata - History**

- Beta release Dec 2009
- First standard release July 2010
- Features
  - o Multi-threading
  - Automatic protocol detection
  - JSON standard outputs
  - $\circ$  file matching, logging, extraction, md5 checksum
  - $\circ$  DNS logger
  - $\circ$  etc



#### In a nutshell

- The Suricata engine is capable of real time intrusion detection (IDS), inline intrusion prevention (IPS), network security monitoring (NSM) and offline pcap processing
- Suricata inspects the network traffic using a powerful and extensive rules and signature language, and has powerful Lua scripting support for detection of complex threats
- With standard input and output formats like YAML and JSON integrations with tools like existing SIEMs, Splunk, Logstash/Elasticsearch, Kibana, and other database become effortless



#### **Accessing the Lab**



# Lab Overview – 1

- Suricata version 6.0.2
  - https://suricata.readthedocs.io/en/suricata-6.0.2/
- Virtual Machine
  - Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
  - 1 person per vm
  - Sign up
- Use native ssh client or Putty (for Windows)
  - Your network should let you ssh out (tcp/port 22)
  - Jump/Bastion host
  - Will use ssh tunneling, refer to relevant guide





# Lab Overview - 2

- Sign up for your vm host
  - Put your name in there
  - Remember your IP  $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$
  - Take note of your jump host IP address
- Check out steps to ssh in
  - Putty Users accessing\_the\_lab\_putty.pdf
  - Native ssh client accessing\_the\_lab\_ssh.pdf



#### Lab Overview – 3

- Credentials:
  - Username: apnic
  - Password: training
- Escalate privilege with sudo
  - Example:
    - sudo systemctl status suricata

#### **Suricata Installation and Configuration**



#### Installation

- We will install a couple of things
  - suricata
  - jq
  - evebox
- Refer to installation.pdf



# **System Check**

• Suricata is already running as a service

#### sudo systemctl status suricata

sudo systemctl stop suricata





# Let's Play

- Donwnload workshop.tar.gz in your vm
- tar xzvf workshop.tar.gz
- cd workshop

#### Lab1

- cd ~/workshop/lab1
- 'Wannacry / Eternalblue
  - Credits to Malware Traffic Analysis
    - https://www.malware-trafficanalysis.net/2017/05/18/index2.html
  - 2017-05-18-WannaCry-ransomwareusing-EnternalBlue-exploit.pcap
  - What is in the PCAP

 192.168.116.143
 - a4:1f:72:20:54:01
 - Windows 2012 R2 domain controller
 - TestDC1

 192.168.116.150
 - a4:1f:72:49:11:6d
 - Windows 2012 R2 server with a file share
 - WIN-2012-R2-1

 192.168.116.138
 - 00:19:bb:4f:4c:d8
 - Windows 7 x64
 - domain-joined workstation
 - DFIR\_Win7\_x64

 192.168.116.149
 - 00:25:b3:f5:fa:74
 - Windows 7 x86
 - domain-joined workstation
 - DFIR\_Win7\_x86 (wannacry launched here)

 192.168.116.172
 - 00:1c:c4:33:c6:dd
 - Windows 7 x86
 - clone of DFIR\_Win7\_x86
 - C-DFIR\_Win7\_x86

#### ~/workshop/lab1\$

sudo suricata –r 2017-05-18-WannaCry-ransomware-using-EnternalBlue-exploit.pcap –l logs –k none

- The directory "log" was already created
  - Else the logs will be in /var/log/suricata/
- -k none (no checksum checking)

#### **Behind the 'scene'**



If –I is not specified the logs will use configuration in /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml – normally /var/log/suricata We can also specify which interface to monitor with –i eth0 (example) or specifying it in /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml

# Parsing the logs (the hard way <sup>(2)</sup>)

- cd logs
  - -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 54K Jun 9 09:48 eve.json
    -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3.3K Jun 9 09:48 fast.log
    -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2.4K Jun 9 09:48 stats.log
    -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1.6K Jun 9 09:48 suricata.log
- less fast.log

○ (type Ctrl-C to get out of less ☺)



# Parsing the logs (the hard way <sup>(2)</sup>) #2

- Inside ex1/logs
- cat eve.json | jq . | less
- cat eve.json | jq 'select (.event\_type == "alert")' | less
- cat eve.json | jq 'select (.event\_type == "smb")' | less

· { "timestamp": "2017-05-18T18:06:21.120061+1000", "flow id": 6188343065504, "pcap cnt": 59, "event type": "smb", "src ip": "fe80:0000:0000:0000:ed6a:d848:6059:3c0e", "src port": 49166. "dest ip": "fe80:0000:0000:0000:6992:5661:9d0d:3f96", "dest port": 445, "proto": "TCP", "smb": { "id": 6. "dialect": "2.10". "command": "SMB2 COMMAND TREE CONNECT", "status": "STATUS SUCCESS", "status code": "0x0", "session id": 114349209288709. "tree id": 5. "share": "\\\\WIN-2012-R2-1\\Users", "share type": "FILE"



# What's the story?

- Who is attacking who?
- Time
- Anything else?
- What was the vulnerability



#### **Alerts & Signatures**

- 05/18/2017-18:12:07.220702 [\*\*] [1:2025649:3] ET EXPLOIT Possible ETERNALBLUE Probe MS17-010 (MSF style) [\*\*]
   [Classification: A Network Trojan was detected] [Priority: 1] {TCP} 192.168.116.149:49368 -> 192.168.116.138:445
- 05/18/2017-18:12:11.553081 [\*\*] [1:2025650:3] ET EXPLOIT ETERNALBLUE Probe Vulnerable System Response MS17-010 [\*\*]
   [Classification: A Network Trojan was detected] [Priority: 1] {TCP} 192.168.116.172:445 -> 192.168.116.149:49444
- 05/18/2017-18:12:13.428436 [\*\*] [1:2024217:3] ET EXPLOIT Possible ETERNALBLUE MS17-010 Heap Spray [\*\*] [Classification: A Network Trojan was detected] [Priority: 1] {TCP} 192.168.116.149:49472 -> 192.168.116.138:445

#### cd /var/lib/suricata

- · · · grep -i "ET EXPLOIT Possible ETERNALBLUE MS17-010 Heap Spray" suricata.rules
- alert smb any any -> \$HOME NET any (msg:"ET EXPLOIT Possible ETERNALBLUE MS17-010 Heap Spray"; flow:to server, established; content:"|ff|SMB|33 00 00 00 00 18 07 c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 ff fe 00 08|"; offset:4; depth:30; fast pattern:10,20; content:"|00 09 00 00 00 10|"; distance:1; within:6; content:"|00 00 00 00 00 00 00 10]"; within:8; content:"[00 00 00 10]"; distance:4; within:4; pcre:"/^[a-zA-Z0-9+/]{1000,}/R"; threshold: type both, track by src, count 3, seconds 30; metadata: former category EXPLOIT; classtype:trojan-activity; sid:2024217; rev:3; metadata:attack target SMB Server, deployment Internal, signature severity Critical, created at 2017 04 17, updated at 2017 05 13;)



# Lab 1 - Take Aways

- IDS provide context
  - What is the story
  - Known or unknown
  - Protocol aware
- Suricata must see traffic
  - Network interface
  - Feed it packets / Pcap
- What is the difference between Wireshark / Tcpdump vs Suricata



#### **About rules – suricata-update**

- Rulesets
  - Commercial and free rules
  - By default Open Emerging Threats rules included
- List of rulesets
  - sudo suricata-update list-sources
  - sudo suricata-update list-enabled-sources
- Update suricata-rules
  - suricata-update
- Automatic update
  - Use crontab to run suricata-update daily



#### Lab 2 – Dridex



#### ~/workshop/lab2

- cd ~/workshop/lab2
- sudo suricata -r 2019-07-09-password-protected-Word-docpushes-Dridex.pcap -l logs -k none
  - Pcap from this files : <u>https://www.malware-traffic-analysis.net/2019/07/09/index.html</u>

• We'll use Evebox to parse the eve.json



```
"timestamp": "2019-07-10T04:26:29.628847+1000",
 "flow id": 1226676421106482,
 "pcap cnt": 268,
 "event type": "alert",
 "src ip": "188.166.156.241",
 "src port": 443,
 "dest ip": "10.7.9.101",
 "dest port": 49205,
 "proto": "TCP",
 "alert": {
  "action": "allowed",
  "gid": 1,
  "signature id": 2023476,
  "rev": 5.
  "signature": "ET MALWARE ABUSE.CH SSL Blacklist Malicious
SSL certificate detected (Dridex)",
  "category": "A Network Trojan was detected",
  "severity": 1,
```



#### What does the signature look like?

alert **SEXTERNAL\_NET** any -> **\$HOME\_NET** any (msg:"ET MALWARE ABUSE.CH SSL Blacklist Malicious SSL certificate detected (Dridex)"; flow:established,from\_server; content:"|16|"; content:"|0b|"; within:8; byte\_test:3,<,1200,0,relative; content:"|03 02 01 02 02 09 00|"; fast\_pattern; content:"|30 09 06 03 55 04 06 13 02|"; distance:0; pcre:"/^[A-Z]{2}/R"; content:"|55 04 07|"; distance:0; content:"|55 04 0a|"; distance:0; pcre:"/^.{2}[A-Z][a-z]{3,\s(?:[A-Z][a-Z]{3,\s(?:[A-Z](?:[A-Za-Z]{0,4}?[A-Z](?:\.[A-Za-Z]{1,3})|[A-Z]?[a-Z]+|[a-Z](?:\.[A-Za-Z]{1,3})|.?[01]/Rs"; content:"|55 04 03|"; distance:0; byte\_test:1,>,13,1,relative; content:!"www."; distance:2; within:4; pcre:"/^.{2}(?P<CN>(?:(?:\d?[A-Z]?|[A-Z]?\d?))(?:[a-Z]{3,20}|[a-Z]{3,6}[0-9\_][a-Z]{3,6}))..){0,2}?(?:\d?[A-Z]?|[A-Z]?\d?)[a-Z]{3,}(?:[0-9\_\_1][a-Z]{3,})?\.(?!com|org|net|tv)[a-Z]{2,9})[01].\*?(?P=CN)[01]/Rs"; content:!"|2a 86 48 86 f7 0d 01 09 01|"; content:!"GoDaddy"; reference:url,sslbl.abuse.ch; classtype:trojan-activity; sid:2023476; rev:5; metadata:affected\_product Windows\_XP\_Vista\_7\_8\_10\_Server\_32\_64\_Bit, attack\_target Client\_Endpoint, created\_at 2016\_11\_02, deployment Perimeter, performance\_impact Low, signature\_severity Major, tag SSL\_Malicious\_Cert, updated\_at 2017\_02\_23;)



#### **TLS / SSL client and server fingerprinting**

- Encrypted communication
  - Suricata not able to perform full packet inspection / check application payload
  - Signature that goes into payload won't match
  - Some header information is still available
- Client and server TLS negotiation fingerprint
  - In a nutshell TLS parameters combined -> md5
  - Both client and server
  - Confidence is in the manner response is in the same way
  - Multiple use-cases here
    - Client and server detection (malware, TOR, command and control, phishing sites etc)
- Ja3/ja3s developed by Salesforce
  - Integrated by Suricata
  - Abuse.ch has rulesets for TLS fingerprints
  - Ja3 = client , Ja3S = server
- Abuse.ch maintains an SSL blacklist repo
  - <u>https://sslbl.abuse.ch/blacklist/</u>
- Read more
  - https://engineering.salesforce.com/tls-fingerprinting-with-ja3-and-ja3s-247362855967
  - https://www.trustwave.com/en-us/resources/blogs/spiderlabs-blog/inspecting-encrypted-network-traffic-with-ja3/



# https://github.com/salesforce/ja3

"destination\_ip": "188.166.156.241",

"destination\_port": 443,

"ja3": "771,60-47-61-53-5-10-49191-49171-49172-49195-49187-49196-49188-49161-49162-64-50-106-56-19-4,65281-10-11-13,23-24,0",

"ja3 digest": "74927e242d6c3febf8cb9cab10a7f889",

"source\_ip": "10.7.9.101",

"source\_port": 49205,

"timestamp": 1562696789.50146

,

"destination\_ip": "188.166.156.241",

"destination\_port": 443,

"ja3": "771,60-47-61-53-5-10-49191-49171-49172-49195-49187-49196-49188-49161-49162-64-50-106-56-19-4,65281-10-11-13,23-24,0",

"ja3\_digest": "74927e242d6c3febf8cb9cab10a7f889",

"source\_ip": "10.7.9.101",

"source\_port": 49206,

"timestamp": 1562696791.350588

Optional, install ja3 & run ja3 on the pcap \$ja3 -a --json \*pcap

> 31 (::.)(()) ())(::.)(::)(::)

#### Secure Sockets Layer

TLSv1 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Client Hello Content Type: Handshake (22) Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301) Length: 131 The Handshake Protocol: Client Hello Handshake Type: Client Hello (1) Length: 127 Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301) Random Session ID Length: 0 Cipher Suites Length: 24 Cipher Suites (12 suites) Cipher Suite: TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA (0xc014) Cipher Suite: TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0xc013) Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0035) Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x002f) Cipher Suite: TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0xc00a) Cipher Suite: TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA (0xc009) Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0038) Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x0032) Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (0x000a) Cipher Suite: TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (0x0013) Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA (0x0005) Cipher Suite: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_MD5 (0x0004)

{
 "destination\_ip": "185.67.0.108",
 "destination\_port": 443,
 "ja3": "769,49172-49171-53-47-49162 49161-56-50-10-19-5-4,0-5-10-11 65281,23-24-25,0",
 "ja3\_digest":
 "1eede9d19dc45c2cb66d2f5c6849e843",
 "source\_ip": "192.168.56.101",
 "source\_port": 49161,
 "timestamp": 1527008276.377147
}

SSLVersion,Cipher,SSLExtension,EllipticCurve,EllipticCurvePointFormat - > string -> md5 echo --n "

# Lab 2 - Take Aways

- Protocol analysis / Protocol aware
  - Do not have to specify the port
  - Web traffic not on port 80, ssh on 1337
  - Check out the supported protocols on Suricata documentation
- Signature
  - Contents of packets, headers not just plain text payload
  - TLS/ja3/ja3s
  - HASSH



#### Lab3 – Honeypots



#### Lab3 ~/workshop/lab3

- Traffic from Cowrie Honeypot
  - APNIC Community Honeynet Project
  - Cowrie emulate ssh/telnet service
  - Interact with client, serves shell and log activities upon 'successful login'
  - Ddos agent, miners, compromised IoTs



24 hour activity

					EveBox - Mozilla	Firefox				-
2020-ра	cson	Google Drive 🗙	EveBox	×	+					
$) \rightarrow$	G	ŵ	0	) localhost:5636/#/inbox			··· 🖾 🕁	± ⊪/		ø
veBo	×	Inbox Escalated	Alerts	Events *			All	• Help	۰۰	0
Refres	h	Select All				Filter		Apply	Cle	ar
		a year ago	[	D: 45.76.116.172				Archive	۶e	M
1	<u>ن</u> ۲	5 2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	25:29 s	S: 45.76.116.172 D: 108.61.10.10	SURICATA UDPv4 invalid checksum			Archive	ŵ	•
1	<u>ት</u> 1	. 2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	25:13 S	5: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(hi3518)		Archive	ŵ	•
<b>1</b>	<u>ن</u> ۲	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	24:33 S	S: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(54321)		Archive	ŵ	•
1	<u>۲</u>	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	23:52 S	S: 45.76.116.172 D: 203.202.246.47	GPL TELNET Bad Login			Archive	ŵ	•
<b>I</b>	<u>ት</u> 1	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	3:34 s	S: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(jvbzd)		Archive	ŵ	•
<b>1</b>	<u>م</u>	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	23:33 S	5: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(service)		Archive	ŵ	•
1	<u>ሱ</u> 1	. 2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	23:15 S	S: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(vizxv)		Archive	仚	•
1	<u>۲</u>	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	23:14 5	S: 203.202.246.47 D: 45.76.116.172	ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt	(ubnt)		Archive	ŵ	•
1	<u>۵</u>	2019-07-23 12:2 a year ago	23:05 S	5: 113.120.86.31 D: 45.76.116.172	ET SCAN Suspicious inbound to MSSQL port 1433	3		Archive	ŵ	•



#### Lab3

- Our honeypot IP
  - <u>45.76.116.172</u>
  - We should include this into our configuration file \$HOME\_NETWORK
  - Signature has direction, flow as criteria
- sudo suricata -r cowrie.pcap -l logs/ -k none
  - Verify logs in /logs
- Evebox
  - evebox oneshot logs/eve.json
  - Let's Explore
    - SSH
    - Alerts

#### HOME\_NET: "[192.168.0.0/16,10.0.0.0/8,172 .16.0.0/12,45.76.116.172/32]"


## Lab 3 - Take Aways

- IP/Domain Reputation
  - ET CINS Active Threat Intelligence Poor Reputation IP group 87
  - OSINT (open source intel)
  - Why is our hosts talking to a suspicious host, TOR exit node, malicious domain
  - VirusTotal, Dshield
  - https://www.virustotal.com/gui/ip-address/92.118.160.57/relations
  - https://www.dshield.org/ipinfo.html?ip=92.118.160.57
- Suricata configuration
  - My network vs the world
- More Context
  - ALERT: ET MALWARE Possible Linux.Mirai Login Attempt (hi3518)
  - ET EXPLOIT HiSilicon DVR Default Telnet Root Password Inbound

sudo less /var/lib/suricata/rules/suricata.rules | grep 2027973

 alert tcp \$EXTERNAL\_NET any -> \$HOME\_NET 23 (msg:"ET EXPLOIT HiSilicon DVR - Default Telnet Root Password Inbound"; flow:established,to\_server; content:"xc3511"; fast\_pattern; reference:url,github.com/tothi/pwn-hisilicon-dvr; classtype:default-login-attempt; sid:2027973; rev:2; metadata:affected\_product DVR, attack\_target IoT, created\_at 2019\_09\_09, deployment Perimeter, former\_category EXPLOIT, signature\_severity Major, updated\_at 2019\_09\_09;)

#### Lab 4 – File Extraction



#### Lab 4

- cd ~/workshop/lab4
- sudo suricata -r 20202904.pcap -l logs -k none
- Evebox it and explore
  - evebox oneshot logs/eve.json
- File extraction time!

### File Extraction – Step 1

- Always read the docs!
  - <u>https://suricata.readthedocs.io/en/suricata-5.0.0/file-extraction/file-extraction.html</u>
  - Look for file-store in /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml
  - Use nano or vim to edit
    - Careful yaml files are sensitive

Default

- file-store: version: 2 enabled: no

Change To

- file-store: version: 2 enabled: yes



#### **File Extraction Step 2**

- Need to have as specific rule for this
- In ex4 folder create a file called extract.rule
- Copy the following rule: <sup>.</sup> alert http any any -> any any (msg:"FILE store all"; filestore; sid:1; rev:1;)
- Paste in extract.rule



### File Extraction: Step 3

- Run Suricata with the extraction.rule
   \$sudo -r 20202904.pcap -l logs -S extract.rule -k none
- This should create a filestore directory inside logs
- Run the following to see the extracted files \$file \*/\*
- See sample output in next slide





04/049431fab0d3461408345dd7ed70f9be994dc99dd56af2cd99f35a183cb9d859: **XZ compressed data** 06/067609f84812a154ef6c246e8b8cfbd4c7f6bba49450418227fa2acf523bba7b: **ELF 64-bit LSB executable, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), statically linked, stripped** 

1b/1bc56ca730194475721509e13c54a32005a6db2919f07eeacc46945c6e4b667f: ASCII text 20/206ad6aca45f12e07ede8032137b7536648b2b79302ed559df00d397e816432c: Bourne-Again shell script, ASCII text executable

34/34ed56e258232ea0be2d79f3eca3d09147f46880ce86c9da0c0473a1060669aa: XZ compressed data 36/366e3fbe8767805b2efb5b0df28d151b806c7e140ae53c57cacd390af2df11cf: XZ compressed data 4a/4a8389496b4f0fb164444fbd36ecd4cf38c3dd62c2bf190f20d937e605c3db73: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS-I version 1 (SYSV), statically linked, not stripped

69/690bd875ab5799394af7406f32f2e698c48e772ac367d520f74ec1095662da4d: ASCII text 97/97c42ab6f8c385658eed005846a9618d32fbaf4bcb5376ad863476ae21df8ffe: XZ compressed data 9e/9e3f14260ac0e015756468f191da390910c20117de8730e189613ca61429961a: ASCII text cd/cd888ded56c3882397edf3c28376fee3134d45537826de9dc437cf57837d2c43: Debian binary package (format 2.0) d0/d043d8bb305d66cf6b64b0e7ff48c84182c55697b91326f988eb9db0581eb831: ASCII text da/da7d093bae12980e3e8b2e27318a6997831fbc5999d5d128942cb9b521aafcdf: XZ compressed data e7/e7805f20300d402d030f1fef536b4267117f4d5bcc6c95664ff3adde93d88628: Bourne-Again shell script, ASCII text executable





- less 20/206ad6aca45f12e07ede8032137b7536648b2b79302ed559df00d397e816432c
- Go to virustotal.com
  - Search for 4a8389496b4f0fb164444fbd36ecd4cf38c3dd62c2bf190f20d937e605c3db73



# Take AwaysFile Extraction

- Supported protocols http, smb, nfs, smtp, ftp
- A few use cases store all, certain md5sum, certain extension
- Rule required to trigger extraction
- -S and -s
  - -S exclusively run this rule file ignore settings in suricata.yaml
  - -s run this rule file and the one mentioned in suricata.yaml
- Context
  - File reputation
  - Malware databases
  - Sites like virustotal.com and a few others can give context
  - Tools like TheHive allows to make query to multiple places

APNIC Host Based IDS



#### Wazuh

>	Dec 3, 2020 @ 07:14:44.721	/etc/hosts	modified	Integrity checksum change d.	7	550
>	Dec 3, 2020 @ 07:14:44.703	/etc/cups/subscriptions.conf.0	modified	Integrity checksum change d.	7	550
>	Dec 2, 2020 @ 23:06:53.279	/etc/test	modified	Integrity checksum change d.	7	550

		6	syscheck.changeu_altribules	SIZE, MTIME, INODE, M	ob, snai, snazbo
t agent.id	001	t	syscheck.diff	4d3	
t agent.ip	10.0.2.4			< 7.7.7.7 6a6,7	vpn.my.home.xyz
t agent.name	osboxes			> 5.5.5.5	test
t decoder.name	syscheck_integrity_changed	t	syscheck.event	modified	
ť full_log	File '/etc/hosts' modified Mode: whodata Changed attributes: size,mtime,inode,md5,sha1,sha256 Size changed from '300' to '289' Old modification time was: '1606913905', now it is '1606943464' Old inode was: '666413', now it is '666686' Old md5sum was: '87e808d373333640e80bc3245ae6b8ef' New md5sum is : '469d8362b0040eeec2099cd186b629c' Old sha1sum was: '95d575350dde6014dbe00cdc3f297270d125a745' New sha1sum is : '2651d84dad581b88f574523bff580622097462b' Old sha256sum was: '53375352e533711d98636455563eaa51dba77181fd1b404f9290980201ee070' New sha256sum is : '9ddca8a95247329d1a652fe4b1932fb9493dfcc5bbe89b520e57961b0e02d2262'	t	syscheck.gid_after	θ	
t id	1606943684.83166639				



# Part 2 - Writing Suricata Signatures



#### **Overview**

- Suricata can dissect packets & is protocol aware
- Rules are applied against content of packets & protocol related information
  - $\circ$  do something (alert) if packet contains the word "ransom="
  - o do something (alert) if http traffic & http method is POST and content of packet has the word "ransom"
  - $\circ$  do something (alert) if there is dns request
  - o do something (drop) if there is dns request and the record asked is 'ransomware.com'



#### **General Workflow**

- Traffic
  - o PCAP
  - Generate network activity on host
    - ping hostname.com
    - dig A apnic.net
    - wget <a href="http://www.testmyids.com">http://www.testmyids.com</a>
- Malware Analysis
  - Look for interesting strings & behavior
  - User agent, check-in command, file names, etc
  - Malware-traffic-analysis.net
- Get indicators of compromise from reports, advisories, threat sharing platform (i.e. MISP)
- Write signature
- Test signature
  - suricata -S rulefile –r file.pcap –l logdirectory –k none
  - suricata –S rulefile –i eth0 –l logdirectory –k none
  - -S load signature file exclusively
- Additional notes
  - Take note of the ip address to include in \$HOME\_NET in /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml
  - Check pcap or interface

## Signature writing use cases

- You know what you're looking for
  - Write specific rule
- Payload specific
  - Alert if packet contains xyz
  - Alert if packet contains IP address from known IOCs
  - Alert is there is telnet traffic to IP address in country XYZ
  - Alert if TLS fingerprint == XYZ
- Not payload specific
  - Alert if there is outbound ssh traffic
  - Alert is EXTERNAL\_NET is a Tor Exit Node



- Beware of out-of-date tutorials on the Internet

https://suricata.readthedocs.io/en/suricata-6.0.2/fileextraction/file-extraction.html



#### **Rule Format**

• There's 3 parts to it

#### **Action Header (Options)**

#### alert tcp \$HOME\_NET any -> \$EXTERNAL\_NET any (msg: "AW Suspicious Traffic "; sid:99999; rev:1;

- Action what happens when signature matches
- Header defines protocol, IP address, ports and direction of the rule
- Rule Options define the specifics of the rule. Can be specific to the protocol/action/payloads or metadata.
  - We won't be able to cover everything!

#### **Hello World Rule**

alert tcp any any -> any any (msg:"AW Hello World TCP"; sid:202010000; rev:1;)

sudo suricata – S myrule -i eth0 -k none – l logs

cat logs/fast.log

evebox one shot logs/eve.json



#### Hello World ICMP or UDP

alert \_\_\_\_ any any -> any any (msg:"AW Hello World ICMP"; sid:202010001; rev:1;)

alert <u>\$HOME NETWORK</u> any -> <u>\$EXTERNAL NETWORK</u> any (msg:"AW Hello World <u>UDP</u>"; sid:202010002; rev:1;)



#### Lab 5 – Signature



#### cd ~/workshop/lab5

- Optional: open testmyidsPCAP in Wireshark
- Check content of http



<mark>,</mark> http	http								
ime	Source	Src Port	Destination	Dst Port	Host	▲ Info			
0.188443	10.16.1.11	54186	82.165.177.154	80	www.testmyids.com	GET / HTTP/1.1			
- 0.376629	82.165.177.154	80	10.16.1.11	54186		HTTP/1.1 200 OK	(text/html)		

Frame 6: 313 bytes on wire (2504 bits), 313 bytes captured (2504 bits)	0000	d8 cb 8a ed a1 46 00 15 17 0d 06 f7 08 00 45 00	· · · · · F · · · · · · · E ·
Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_0d:06:f7 (00:15:17:0d:06:f7), Dst: Micro-St_ed:a1:46 (d8:cb:8a:ed:a1:46)	0010	01 2b 54 73 40 00 31 06 e4 ff 52 a5 b1 9a 0a 10	·+Ts@·1· ··R·····
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 82.165.177.154, Dst: 10.16.1.11	0020	01 0b 00 50 d3 aa 97 e6 d2 27 7a c8 a8 0f 50 18	····P····· 'z···P·
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 54186, Seq: 1, Ack: 82, Len: 259	0030	01 4b c0 0b 00 00 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 32	·K····HT TP/1.1 2
Hypertext Transfer Protocol	0040	30 30 20 4f 4b 0d 0a 44 61 74 65 3a 20 57 65 64	00 OK··D ate: Wed
HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n	0050	2c 20 31 33 20 4a 75 6c 20 32 30 31 36 20 32 32	, 13 Jul 2016 22
Date: Wed, 13 Jul 2016 22:42:07 GMT\r\n	0060	3a 34 32 3a 30 37 20 47 4d 54 0d 0a 53 65 72 76	:42:07 G MTServ
Server: Apache\r\n	0070	65 72 3a 20 41 70 61 63 68 65 0d 0a 4c 61 73 74	er: Apac he∙∙Last
Last-Modified: Mon, 15 Jan 2007 23:11:55 GMT\r\n	0080	2d 4d 6f 64 69 66 69 65 64 3a 20 4d 6f 6e 2c 20	-Modifie d: Mon,
ETag: "181c849a-27-4271c5f1ac4c0"\r\n	0090	31 35 20 4a 61 6e 20 32 30 30 37 20 32 33 3a 31	15 Jan 2 007 23:1
Accept-Ranges: bytes\r\n	00a0	31 3a 35 35 20 47 4d 54 0d 0a 45 54 61 67 3a 20	1:55 GMT ··ETag:
▶ Content-Length: 39\r\n	00b0	22 31 38 31 63 38 34 39 61 2d 32 37 2d 34 32 37	"181c849 a-27-427
Content-Type: text/html\r\n	00c0	31 63 35 66 31 61 63 34 63 30 22 0d 0a 41 63 63	1c5f1ac4 c0"·· <mark>Acc</mark>
\r\n	00d0	65 70 74 2d 52 61 6e 67  65 73 3a 20 62 79 74 65	ept-Rang es: byte
[HTTP response 1/1]	00e0	73 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 4c 65 6e 67 74	sConte nt-Lengt
[Time since request: 0.188186000 seconds]	00f0	68 3a 20 33 39 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 54	h: 39C ontent-T
[Request in frame: 4]	0100	79 70 65 3a 20 74 65 78 74 2f 68 74 6d 6c 0d 0a	ype: tex t/html…
[Request URI: http://www.testmyids.com/]	0110	0d 0a 75 69 64 3d 30 28 72 6f 6f 74 29 20 67 69	••uid=0( root) gi
File Data: 39 bytes	0120	64 3d 30 28 72 6f 6f 74 29 20 67 72 6f 75 70 73	d=0(root ) groups
Line-based text data: text/html (1 lines)	0130	3d 30 28 72 6f 6f 74 29 0a	=0(root)
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)\n			

58 (::)(::)**:::(::)** 

#### content: uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)

content: www.testmyids.com

(External) IP Address: 82.165.177.154



#### **Basic Rule**

alert http any any -> any any (msg:"AW - Suspicious Root
Privilege"; content: "uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)";
sid:202010004; rev:1;)



# **Take Aways**

- Signature should be specific
  - Use parameters, pattern matching etc
  - Think of false positives
  - Alert fatigue, Counter productive
  - Validate the IOCs thoroughly
- Classification and priority
  - Classification
  - Classification.config
  - The classification.config file includes information for prioritizing rules
  - Any rule can override it

/var/lib/suricata/rules/classification.config config classification: unknown,Unknown Traffic,3 config classification: bad-unknown,Potentially Bad Traffic, 2 config classification: attempted-recon,Attempted Information Leak,2 config classification: successful-recon-limited,Information Leak,2 config classification: successful-recon-largescale,Large Scale Information Lea config classification: attempted-dos,Attempted Denial of Service,2 config classification: successful-dos,Denial of Service,2 config classification: attempted-user,Attempted User Privilege Gain,1



#### Lab 6 - Trickbot



#### Lab6

#### • Trickbot

- <u>https://attack.mitre.org/software/S0266/</u>
- <u>https://unit42.paloaltonetworks.com/wireshark-tutorial-examining-trickbot-infections/</u>
- Pcap 2020-02 from Malware-traffic-analysis.net https://www.malware-traffic-analysis.net/2020/02/25/index.html
- Uses TLS/SSL to communicate with server on port 449 and 447



#### TLS activities over port 449 – Internet Widgits Pty LTD

<b>*</b>	2020-02-25-Tric	bot-gtag-red4-infection-traffic.pcap	- + ×
<u>File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telep</u>	phony <u>W</u> ireless <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		
🚄 🔳 🖉 🛞 🚞 🖺 🕅 🏹 🔍 🗲 🗧	→ 🕞 + → 📃 📃 🗈 🖬 🖽		
ssl.handshake.type == 11			Expression +
Source         Source           2020-02-26         03:15:10.839499         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:15:53.898396         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:17:20.764854         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:17:20.764854         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:17:20.764854         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:18:03.749892         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:19:31.125313         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:20:14.125783         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:22:157.149743         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:22:140.221805         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:22:157.149743         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:22:23.241726         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:22:245.155286         190.2414.13.2           2020-02-26         03:22:243.125286         190.2414.13.2           2020-02-26         03:23:66.264716         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:23:66.264716         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:23:66.264716         45.138.72.155           2020-02-26         03:23:66.264716         45.	Src Port         Destination         Dst Port         Host           443         10.22.33.145         49797           443         10.22.33.145         49798           443         10.22.33.145         49799           443         10.22.33.145         49800           443         10.22.33.145         49800           443         10.22.33.145         49802           443         10.22.33.145         49802           443         10.22.33.145         49803           443         10.22.33.145         49806           443         10.22.33.145         49806           443         10.22.33.145         49806           443         10.22.33.145         49806           443         10.22.33.145         49810           443         10.22.33.145         49811           443         10.22.33.145         49811           443         10.22.33.145         49813           443         10.22.33.145         49814           443         10.22.33.145         49814           443         10.22.33.145         49815           403         10.22.33.145         49814           443         10.22.33.145	Info Server Hello, Certificate Server Hello, Certificate	ver Hello Done
2020-02-26 03:25:15.412384 45.138.72.155 2020-02-26 03:25:58.892705 45.138.72.155 2020-02-26 03:26:41.816539 45.138.72.155 2020-02-26 03:27:24.796997 45.138.72.155 2020-02-26 03:28:07.768397 45.138.72.155	443         10.22.33.145         49820           443         10.22.33.145         49821           443         10.22.33.145         49822           443         10.22.33.145         49823           443         10.22.33.145         49823           443         10.22.33.145         49823           443         10.22.33.145         49827	Server Hello, Certificate Server Hello, Certificate Server Hello, Certificate Server Hello, Certificate Server Hello, Certificate	
<pre>     signature (sha256WithRSAEncryp     Algorithm Id: 1.2.840.11354     issuer: rdnSequence (0)</pre>	<pre>tion) 3.1.1.11 (sha256WithRSAEncryption) organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-countryName=AU) (id-at-stateOrProvinceName=Some-State) (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-countryName=AU) (id-at-stateOrProvinceName=Some-State) (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-countryName=AU) (id-at-stateOrProvinceName=Some-State) (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-stateOrProvinceName=Some-State) (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd,id-at- (id-at-organizationName=Internet Widgits Pty Ltd) 3549.1.1.1 (rsaEncryption) 282010100e14ae691039f5b836749c3136e0d19 55b836749c3136e0d192cd2362e05a3488c</pre>	stateOrProvinceName=Some-State,id-at-count          00000       05       31       31       01         00000       25       31       30       11       06         00000       26       31       31       31       01         00000       26       53       13       31       01       06         00000       26       53       14       06       06       06       06       74       05         00100       32       31       32       31       31       31       44       010       32       31       31       31       44       0120       03       55       04       06       13       02       013       08       00       08       55       64       67       69       016       014       016       014       016       014       015       20       57       69       64       67       69       016       016       016       012       016       00       012       016       00       012       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016       016 <td< td=""><td>330       09       06       03       55       04       06       13       02       41  </td></td<>	330       09       06       03       55       04       06       13       02       41
APNIC			

#### "Global Security" and "IT Department"

ssl.handshake.type == 11 and tcp.port == 447									+
Time 🔹	Source	Src Port	Destination	Dst Port	Host	Info			
2020-02-26 03:28:36.786937	5.2.77.18	447	10.22.33.145	49834		Server Hello, Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done			
2020-02-26 03:57:33.344929	5.2.77.18	447	10.22.33.145	49709		Server Hello, Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done			
2020-02-26 04:11:29.694310	5.2.77.18	447	10.22.33.145	49764		Server Hello, Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done			
2020-02-26 04:30:30.432909	66.85.173.20	447	10.22.33.145	50057		Server Hello, Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done			
2020-02-26 04:39:02.444681	66.85.173.20	447	10.22.33.145	50062		Server Hello, Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done			

▶ issuer: rdnSequence (0)	. 0000	00 08 02 1c 47 ae 20 es	5 2a b6 93 f1 08 00 45 00	····G· · *····E· /
▶ validity	0010	05 99 4c d0 00 00 80 06	6a d4 05 02 4d 12 0a 16	··L···· j···M···
▼ subject: rdnSequence (0)	0020	21 91 01 bf c2 aa 62 0e	cc 2b d7 d3 fd 42 50 18	Ib. +BP.
▼ rdnSequence: 6 items (id-at-commonName=example.com.id-at-organizationalUnitName=IT Department.id-at-organizationName=	G 0030	fa f0 6c 49 00 00 16 03	3 03 00 3d 02 00 00 39 03	· · 1 T · · · · = · · · 9 ·
RDNSequence item: 1 item (id-at-countryName=GB)	0040	03 36 b1 9d 67 b8 6e f8	3 cc 45 dd 11 7e 31 7e 76	-6a-nF~1~v
RelativeDistinguishedName item (id-at-countryName=GB)	0050	35 3e 55 95 08 48 f5 5h	b5 70 0e 44 6c 7e 2a cf	5>II. H. [ . n. D1~*.
Id: 2.5.4.6 (id-st-countrylama)	0000	83 00 c0 30 00 00 11 ff	01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00	0-0 n [ p b1
	0070		16 03 03 03 cf 0b 00 03	
PDNSequence item: 1 item (id_at_stateOrDrovinceName=London)	0020	ch 00 02 c9 00 03 c5 30		
- RelativeDistinguishedName item (id.at.stateOrRevinceName-London)	0000	02 02 01 02 02 00 00 b	12 25 df 07 fg 00 55 20	
Td 2.5.4.9. (id a state Operational man)	0030	03 02 01 02 02 09 00 03	7 0d 01 01 0b 05 00 20 77	*
- Directory/String all Sector (A)	0040	00 00 09 28 00 48 00 17		1.0 11 081.0
* Difectorystring, urbotching (+)	0000	31 00 30 09 00 03 35 04		1.00. London1
UIPSCITING. LONGON	0000			O U London1
◆ Ronsequence item: i item (it-at-iocalityname=condon)	0000	30 00 00 03 55 04 07 00	00 40 01 00 04 01 00 31	U. U. Londoni
RelativeDistinguishedName item (id-at-localityName=London)	0000	18 30 16 06 03 55 04 08	0 0C 0T 47 6C 6T 62 61 6C	· U· · · · · · · Global
10: 2.5.4.7 (10-at-localityName)	00T0	20 53 65 63 75 72 69 74	1 79 31 16 30 14 06 03 55	Securit y1.00
- Derootory/Chrang: (1)	0100	04 0b 0c 0d 49 54 20 44	65 /0 61 /2 /4 6d 65 6e	····II D epartmen
uTF8String: London	0110	74 31 14 30 12 06 03 55	04 03 0C 0b 65 78 61 6d	t1·0···U ····exam
<ul> <li>RDNSequence item: 1 item (id-at-organizationName=Global Security)</li> </ul>	0120	70 6c 65 2e 63 6f 6d 36	) 1e 17 0d 32 30 30 31 33	ple.com0 ···20013
<ul> <li>RelativeDistinguishedName item (id-at-organizationName=Global Security)</li> </ul>	0130	30 31 39 32 30 34 37 5a	a 17 0d 32 31 30 31 32 39	0192047Z · 210129
Id: 2.5.4.10 (id-at-organizationName)	0140	31 39 32 30 34 37 5a 30	) 77 31 0b 30 09 06 03 55	192047Z0 w1.0U
<ul> <li>DirectoryString: uTF8String (4)</li> </ul>	0150	04 06 13 02 47 42 31 0f	5 30 0d 06 03 55 04 08 0c	····GB1· 0···U···
uTF8String: Global Security	0160	06 4c 6f 6e 64 6f 6e 31	0f 30 0d 06 03 55 04 07	·London1 ·O···U··
<ul> <li>RDNSequence item: 1 item (id-at-organizationalUnitName=IT Department)</li> </ul>	0170	0c 06 4c 6f 6e 64 6f 6e	e 31 18 30 16 06 03 55 04	··London 1.0···U·
<ul> <li>RelativeDistinguishedName item (id-at-organizationalUnitName=IT Department)</li> </ul>	0180	0a 0c 0f 47 6c 6f 62 61	6c 20 53 65 63 75 72 69	····Globa l Securi
Id: 2.5.4.11 (id-at-organizationalUnitName)	0190	74 79 31 16 30 14 06 03	3 55 04 0b 0c 0d 49 54 20	ty1.0UIT
✓ DirectoryString: uTF8String (4)	01a0	44 65 70 61 72 74 6d 65	6e 74 31 14 30 12 06 03	Departme nt1.0
uTF68tring. IT Bepartment	01b0	55 04 03 0c 0b 65 78 61	6d 70 6c 65 2e 63 6f 6d	U····exa mple.com
RDNSequence item: 1 item (id-at-commonName=example.com)	01c0	30 82 01 22 30 0d 06 09	2a 86 48 86 f7 0d 01 01	0"0 *.H
RelativeDistinguishedName item (id-at-commonName=example.com)	01d0	01 05 00 03 82 01 0f 00	) 30 82 01 0a 02 82 01 01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Id: 2.5.4.3 (id-at-commonName)	01e0	00 ba 6c ea e6 a7 59 bb	d8 ab 06 e4 01 1c 91 60	··1···Y· ·····`
▼ DirectoryString; uTF8String (4)	01f0	76 ca a1 40 2f e7 6a a5	21 7a e8 47 25 62 0d 36	v · · @ / · j · !z · G%b · 6
uTF8String: example.com	0200	c8 28 e4 c7 23 49 42 22	2 6b ec 09 12 d5 19 79 96	·(··#IB" k····v·
▶ subjectPublicKevInfo	0210	8d fe 01 d7 f2 b6 e6 18	8 81 d7 44 27 7e cb 14 48	· · · · · · · D'~· · H
extensions: 3 items	0220	6b 07 84 99 76 fb 3c c1	7f b8 c7 9f e4 cd cf d0	kv.<.
algorithmIdentifier (sha256WithRSAEncryption)	0230	95 a4 0f 28 d2 7a 97 31	03 52 51 bd 8a 98 d8 92	····(·z·1 ·R0·····
Padding: 0	0240	ca 2e e7 fd 59 01 39 20	) 14 57 ed e3 f2 d0 ca 8c	
encrynted: 683474e7cea5418cbbccffffecec146146e8e9eb7f43efaf	0250	27 91 60 3f d2 44 97 11	7c ef 5e 91 eb c6 2f 6e	· `2.D.   . A /n
▼ TI Sv1.2 Record Laver: Handshake Protocol: Server Key Exchange	• 0260	23 f8 2b 8a c9 a2 8a 28	3 d3 5d 43 42 7d 90 dd e9	#+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

/::/() ()(::**/::/::**)

#### **Rules**

<sup>·</sup> alert tls \$EXTERNAL\_NET any -> \$HOME\_NET any (msg:"AW – Selfsigned TLS Certificate"; tls.cert\_issuer; content:"Internet Widgits Pty Ltd"; sid:10008; rev:1;)

alert tls \$EXTERNAL\_NET any -> \$HOME\_NET any
(msg:"AW - Trickbot CNC"; tls.cert\_issuer; content:"Global
Security"; content:"IT Department"; sid:10009; rev:1;)



# ja3 and ja3s

- Ja3 method for profiling TLS/SSL clients
  - Clients browser agents, malware, etc
  - Internal -> External
- Ja3s method for profiling TLS/SSL servers
  - Command and Control, Services, Websites
- Fingerprints are based on configurations and details of TLS/SSL handshakes\*
  - Not encrypted i.e ClientHello
  - SSLVersion, Cipher, SSLExtension, EllipticCurve, EllipticCurvePointFormat
  - 769,4-5-10-9-100-98-3-6-19-18-99,,,
  - 769,4-5-10-9-100-98-3-6-19-18-99,,, --> de350869b8c85de67a350c8d186f11e6
- <u>https://engineering.salesforce.com/tls-fingerprinting-with-ja3-and-ja3s-247362855967</u>



	ssl				Expression 🕴	
	e         ▼           2020-02-26         03:22:23.423812           2020-02-26         03:22:23.463375           2020-02-26         03:22:23.463375           2020-02-26         03:22:23.463375           2020-02-26         03:22:23.463375           2020-02-26         03:22:54.165734           2020-02-26         03:22:54.155286           2020-02-26         03:22:54.160734           2020-02-26         03:22:54.160734           2020-02-26         03:22:54.160734           2020-02-26         03:22:54.160734           2020-02-26         03:22:54.160734           2020-02-26         03:23:05.502485           2020-02-26         03:23:06.034943           2020-02-26         03:23:06.264715           2020-02-26         03:23:06.264747           2020-02-26         03:23:06.264747           2020-02-26         03:23:06.264725           2020-02-26         03:23:06.26472498           2020-02-26         03:23:06.264724           2020-02-26         03:23:06.720499           2020-02-26         03:23:06.720498           2020-02-26         03:23:06.720498           2020-02-26         03:23:11.726246           ▼         TLSV1 Record Layer: Hand	Source         Src Port           10.22.33.145         49810           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.33.145         49810           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.33.145         49810           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.33.145         49811           190.224.33.145         49811           190.224.13.2         449           10.22.33.145         49811           190.224.13.2         449           10.22.33.145         49811           190.224.13.2         449           10.22.33.145         49811           10.22.3.145         49811           10.22.3.145         49813           45.138.72.155         443           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.3.145         49813           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.3.145         49813           45.138.72.155         443           10.22.3.145      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68 (::)((;)**::)**(::)**:::(::)** 

#### Ja3

#### Generate ja3 has with ja3 tool

- Check out ja3.json in your folder
- Let's search for the client information on ja3er
  - 3b5074b1b5d032e5620f69f9f700ff0e
  - 72a589da586844d7f0818ce684948eea

Check out more information here: https://ja3er.com/



#### Rule

 alert tls \$HOME\_NET any -> \$EXTERNAL\_NET any (msg:"AW - Trickbot Infection"; ja3.hash; content:"72a589da586844d7f0818ce684948eea"; sid:10010; rev:1; )



### Integration



# Integration

- Reality on security monitoring & incident response
  - Lots of tools
  - Integrate data from various sources
  - Automation!
- We'll take a look at:
  - Sending Suricata logs to ElasticSearch
  - Generating Suricata Signatature from indicators with MISP


#### Lab 7 - ElasticSearch



#### **Basic Idea**

- Setup Elasticsearch instance
  - We'll use the free edition
  - https://cloud.elastic.co/registration?fromURI=%2Fhome
  - Create and instance, get username and password log into instance
- Install filebeat (logshipper) on our vm
  - Configure ES settings
  - Configure path for reading logs
- We run this as a service, the logs get into Elasticsearch
- The Security section will have relevant screnshots



## **SIEM Take Aways**

- SIEM
  - Visualisation
  - Searchability / Visibility
    - Forensics
  - Alerting
    - i.e. to Slack with elastAlert
  - Integrate with other data sources
  - Integrate data from other Suricata sensors
- Consideration
  - Architecture
  - Storage

**AP**NIC

Log retention policy etc



#### **Also Check Out**

• <u>https://www.stamus-networks.com/scirius-open-source</u>



#### What do you want to do with the Elastic Stack?

Let us know what your use case is and we'll help you get started with Elasticsearch, Kibana and the full Elastic Stack. Learn more

=	•				•				
General purpose	Enterprise Search		Observability		Security				
Not sure what you want? Choose this option, and there'll be help along the way.	Add a search experience to your website, applications, or search the apps you use at work.		Use logs, metrics, and APM data to monitor and react to to events in your environment.		Prevent, detect, and respond to threats with SIEM, endpoint security, and threat hunting.				
Select	Select		Select		✓ Selected				
BUILD MY OWN	START WITH A USE CASE								
Settings									
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#### **Integration with MISP**



#### **MISP Detection with Suricata**

- MISP is a threat intel sharing platform
  - Check out my Jan Webinar on Practical Threat sharing
  - Allows community to share threats attributes (indicators)
  - APNIC runs a MISP instance
- Concept
  - From attributes/indicators -> generate Suricata rules automatically
- Export relevant indicators as Suricata Rules
  - Download rules formatted to work with Suricata IDS
  - Feed it to Suricata
  - <u>Get alerts</u>



# Solarwinds Example – event from another MISP instance/feed



#### **Solarwinds - Indicators (domain)**

2020-12-15	Network activity domain	databasegalore.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	V	\$	Inherit	☆ ♥ ≯ (0/0/0)	۶ î
2020-12-15	Network activity domain	incomeupdate.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	$\checkmark$	1	Inherit	☆ ♥ ≯ (0/0/0)	₽ Î
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2020-12-15	Network activity domain	websitetheme.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	$\checkmark$	\$	Inherit	☆ 転 ≯ (0/0/0)	₽ Î
2020-12-15	Network activity domain	deftsecurity.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	V	st.	Inherit	☆ 応 ≯ (0/0/0)	₽ Î
2020-12-15	Network activity domain	virtualdataserver.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	$\checkmark$	¥.	Inherit	☆ 応 ℱ (0/0/0)	₽ Î
2020-12-15	Network activity domain	thedoccloud.com		Y	*	Inherit	ᡌ ♥ ≁ (0/0/0)	<b>9</b> Î
2020-12-15	Network activity domain	digitalcollege.org	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	I.	1	Inherit	ᡌ ♥ ≁ (0/0/0)	<b>9</b> Î
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2020-12-15	Network activity domain	avsvmcloud.com	<b>⊗</b> + <b>≜</b> + <b>≜</b> +	(I)	1	Inherit	© ♥ ≁	<b>9</b> Î



#### **Export to Suricata rules**

**OSINT Threat Advisory: SolarWinds supply chain attack** Event ID Choose the format that you wish to download the event in MISP XML (metadata + all attributes) Encode Attachments Creator org Tags 0 MISP JSON (metadata + all attributes) Encode Attachments Date OpenIOC (all indicators marked to IDS) Threat Level ☆ F CSV Include non-IDS marked attributes Analysis CSV with additional context Include non-IDS marked attributes Distribution All STIX XML (metadata + all attributes) Encode Attachments Info STIX JSON (metadata + all attributes) Encode Attachments Yes STIX2 (requires the STIX 2 library) Encode Attachments #Attributes 54 ( RPZ Zone file First recorded change Download Suricata rules Last change Download Snort rules Modification map Download Bro rules Extends Export all attribute values as a text file Include non-IDS marked attributes 0 (0 Cancel



#### **Fetch Rules from the event**

curl -X POST -k -H 'Accept: application/json' -H 'Authorization: [API Key]' -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -o misp.suricata.rules 'https://misp.honeynet.asia/attributes/restSearch' --data

'{"eventid":"1358", "returnFormat":"suricata","to\_ids":"1"}'

#### **Suricata Rules generated (snip)**

alert dns any any -> any any (msg: "MISP e1358 [] Domain avsvmcloud.com"; dns\_query; content:"avsvmcloud.com"; nocase; pcre: "/(^|[^A-Za-z0-9-])avsvmcloud\.com\$/i"; classtype:trojan-activity; sid:9823577; rev:1; priority:1; reference:url,https://misp.honeynet.asia/events/view/1358;)

alert http \$HOME\_NET any -> \$EXTERNAL\_NET any (msg: "MISP e1358 [] Outgoing HTTP Domain avsvmcloud.com"; flow:to\_server,established; content: "Host|3a|"; nocase; http\_header; content:"avsvmcloud.com"; fast\_pattern; nocase; http\_header; pcre: "/(^|[^A-Za-z0-9-])avsvmcloud\.com[^A-Za-z0-9-\.]/Hi"; tag:session,600,seconds; classtype:trojan-activity; sid:9823578; rev:1; priority:1; reference:url,https://misp.honeynet.asia/events/view/1358;)



#### **MISP – Take Aways**

- MISP and Community Sharing is awesome ③
- Integration Incident Response and Detection
- Allows automation
  - Distribute rules to a distributed sensors via api



### **Summary**

- We've gone through some features but there are many other parts not covered
- Context is important to define usecase
  - What are we trying to detect or 'hunt'
  - False positives / False Negatives
  - Infrastructure is unique for everyone so different hardware capacity and requirements
- Read the official docs!
  - Depectated keywords
  - New syntax, features, keywords



### Suricata Recap

- · Check out the webinars
  - https://suricata-ids.org/webinars/
- Forum
  - https://forum.suricata.io/
- Twitter: <a href="https://twitter.com/Suricata">https://twitter.com/Suricata</a> IDS
- Read the Docs suricata.readthedocs.io/
- Women of Suricata Community Initiative
  - <u>https://forum.suricata.io/t/new-women-of-suricata-community-initiative/282</u>



#### Thank you

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